

Abstracts

The 1 International Basic Science Conference 2016
TOWARDS THE EXTENDED USE OF BASIC SCIENCE
FOR ENHANCING HEALTH, ENVIRONMENT,
ENERGY, AND BIOTECHNOLOGY
University of Lember Sentember 26, 27, 2016

University of Jember, September 26 - 27, 2016





Toward The Extended Use of Basic Science for Enhancing Health, Environment, Energy, and Biotechnology



	THE MOLECULAR EXPRESSION OF HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 70 (HSP 70) COCHLEAR FIBROBLAST ON THE VARIOUS DOSE OF NEXPOSURE	
	CLINICAL MANIFESTATION OF ORAL TUBERCULOSIS	
	IDENTIFICATION OF DERMATOPHYTES BY MULTIPLEX-POLYMERASE CHAIN REACTION, POLYMERASE CHAIN REACTION-RESTRI FRAGMENT LENGTH POLYMORPHISM ITS1-ITS4 PRIMERS AND MVAI, AND POLYMERASE CHAIN REACTION (GACA) ₄ PRIME	ICTION
	EFFECTIVENESS TEST OF WATERY EXTRACT ANDETHANOLIC EXTRACT OF GARLIC BULBS (ALLIUM SATIVUM L.) FOR SECOND DEGREE BURNS HEALING ON MICE (MUS MUSCULUS)	
	IMPACT PSYCHOLOGICAL AND PSYCHO-PHYSICAL WORK DISTRESS ON TOOTH MOBILITY IN RAT MODEL	
	THE IMMUNOGENICITY RESPONSE OF STREPTOCOCCUS PNEUMONIAE'S ADHESION MOLECULE OF 78 KDA SUBUNIT PILI PRO	OTEIN
	ANALYSIS OF 3D PRINTER BIODEGRADATION FILAMENT FROM SYNTHETIC POLYMERS AND BOVINE	
	HYDROXYAPATITE APPLICATION FOR SCAFFOLDS OF MANDIBULAR RECONSTRUCTION	
	EXERCISE AND GOAT'S MILK REGULARLY PREVENT OSTEOPOROSIS BY REGULATING OF CALCIUM AND C- TELOPEPTIDE (CTx) IN TRAINED	
	HUMORAL RESPONSE TO ANOPHELES MACULATUS AND ANOPHELES SUNDAICUS SALIVARY GLAND PROTEINS	
	ROLE OF REACTIVE OXYGEN SPECIES IN AGING OSTEOKLASTOGENESIS	
	CORRELATION BETWEEN DISTANCE AND CONDITION OF TEMPORARY SOLID WASTE DUMPS AND THE INCIDENCE OF DIARRHEA IN PASURUAN CITY	
	DETERMINANT FACTOR THAT INFLUENCED ANXIETY LEVEL AND ENERGY INTAKE AMONG ELDERLY	
	P-CARE BPJS ACCEPTANCE MODEL IN PRIMARY HEALTH CENTERS.	
	THE EFFORT OF TB CADRE IN THE IMPROVING OF THE SUCCESS OF TB THERAPY AND REDUCING SIDE EFFE	CTS
	OF ANTI TUBERCULOSIS DRUGS BY HERBAL MEDICINE	
	WATERMELON CONSUMTION: THE BEHAVIORAL ANALYSIS OF APPLICATION PESTICIDES ON THE FARMERS	
3	EOLOGY	208
	GIS-BASED OPTIMIZATION METHOD FOR REMAINING COAL RESOURCE AND UTILIZATION OF POST-MINING LAND USE PLANNING	: A
	CASE STUDY OF PT ADARO COAL MINE IN SOUTH KALIMANTAN	209
	PORPHYRY DEPOSIT RANDU KUNING, WONOGIRI, CENTRAL OF JAVA	
	A SENSOR-BASED OF DETECTION TOOLS TO MITIGATE PEOPLE LIVE IN AREAS PRONE TO LANDSLIDE.	
	RELOCATION OF HYPOCENTER USING JACOBIAN'S MATRIX AND JEFFREYS-BULLEN'S VELOCITY MODEL	
	Analysis of The Geothermal Potential Based Fault Zone in Burni Telong Bener Meriah, Aceh, Indonesia	
(DRESTRY	. 214
	FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF SHOREA STENOPTERA (BORNEO TALLOW NUT) CULTIVATION BY WEST BORNEO PEOPLE	. 215
	VVIRONMENT SCIENCE	216
	THE CORRELATION BETWEEN PERCEPTION AND BEHAVIOR OF RIVER POLLUTION BY COMMUNITIES AROUND AND BEHAVIOR DEPART A	
	BRANTAS RIVERBANK IN MALANG	
	CORRELATION OF ORGANIC GEOCHEMISRY CHARACTERS AND LIQUEFACTION PRODUCT OF BINTANG AR	
	(PIT) COAL SANGATTA EAST KALIMANTAN	
0	OSTER	. 220
	ANALYSIS OF PROTEIN PROFILE OF NEEM LEAVES JUICE (AZADIRACHTA INDICA L. JUSS)	. 221
	ANTIBACTERIAL POTENTIAL OF SOKA (IXORA COCCINEA L.) EXTRACT ON STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS AND ESCHERICHIA COLI FOREST SUCCESSION VEGETATION OF MT. PAPANDAYAN'S POST FIRE PHENOMENON IN 2012: A CASE STUDY OF FOREST	
	RESTORATION	
	EFFECT OF DISSOLVED NUTRIENT CONCENTRATION (NITRATE AND ORTHOPHOSPHATE) ON ABUNDANCE OF CHLOROPHYTA IN PENJALIN RESERVOIR BREBES REGENCY.	
	INCREASING OF TRUE SHALLOT SEED (TSS) SEEDLING BY IN VITRO	
	ENCAPSULATION OF NODAL SEGMENT IN ALGINATE BEADS CONTAINING COCONUT WATER FOR PLANT RE-GROWTH OF	
	CHRYSANTHEMUM	
	GAMMA RADIATION EFFECT ON VEGETATIVE AND GENERATIVE TRAITS OF THREE MAIZE VARIETIES ONLINE STATISTICAL MODELING (REGRESSION ANALYSES) USING R-SHINY	227
	HEAT AND DIGESTION STABILITY OF SUCROSE-PHOSPHATE SYNTHASE AND SUCROSE TRANSPORTER PROTEIN IN TRANSGENIC	
	SUGARCANE	275

Digital Repository Universitas Jember

Role of Reactive Oxygen Species On Developments Of Osteoclastogenesis In Aging

Dyah Indartin Setyowati¹⁾, Zahreni Hamzah²⁾, Zahara Meilawaty³⁾

- 1) Department Oral Medicine, Fac.of Detistry. Jember Univ, East Java-Indonesia
- 2) Departement Dental Biomedic, Fac. of Dentistry. Jember Univ, East Java-Indonesia
- 3) Departement Dental Biomedic, Fac. of Dentistry. Jember Univ, East Java-Indonesia E-mail: dyahartadi@yahoo.co.id

Abstract - Osteogenesis is a process of development which is perfectly controlled by a number of extrinsic and instrinsic factors that consists of hormones, growth factors, cytokines produced in the bone marrow micro environment, due to process of molecules adhesion that mediate by the interaction of cells and cell-matrix, osteoblasts-specific signaling proteins and transcription factors (TFs). Recently, research explained that adherence osteoclasts on the bone surface and secretion of protons into an extracellular compartment between osteoclasts and bone surface together with the production of Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS) involved in the complex process of bone resorption. Superoxide role in the activation and transcription NF- B factor is to increase osteoclastogenesis. Furthermore, it is alleged that ROS is involved in both differentiation of osteoclasts and osteoblast cell. Aging and diseases which associated with aging is a result of ROS that cause damage was reported increase with age. This review, which is dedicated to geriatric physicians, geriatric dentistry or gerodontology reviews ROS-related osteoclastogenesis in aging and as the basic of the research to determine benefit of ROS through NADPH oxidase activation in the osteopetrotic case.

Keyword: Reactive Oxygen Species, Osteogenesis, aging