

GRAMMATICAL ERROR ANALYSIS ON RECOUNT PARAGRAPHS COMPOSED BY DUMB STUDENTS AT SMALB BHAKTI WANITA LUMAJANG

THESIS

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ENGLISH EDUCATION STUDY PROGRAM
LANGUAGE AND ARTS DEPARTMENT
THE FACULTY OF THEACHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION
JEMBER UNIVERSITY



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Composed to fulfill one of the requirements to obtain the S1 degree at the English Education Study Program, Language and Art Department, Faculty of Teacher Training and Education, The University of Jember

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2014

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iii

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DEDICATION

This thesis is honorably dedicated to:

- 1. My beloved family, Moh. Syuaeb, Mistiana, RoseanaWardah, Febriani Tri Fajria. They are everything in my life. I'm thankful for always giving material and non material supports.
- 2. All my friends anywhere, thank you for your supports to give me spirit.
- 3. My Almamater, Jember University.

MOTTO

'As long as there is consciousness, the error becomes meaningful left. You need to have the courage to fail, you cannot create something new, unless you receive a little error'

(Thomas Alva Edison)

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Jember, September 1st, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	i
STATEMENT OF THESIS AUTHENTICITY	ii
CONSULTANTS' APPROVAL	iii
APPROVAL OF THE EXAMINATION COMMITTEE	iv
DEDICATION	v
MOTTO	vi
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	vii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	viii
THE LIST OF THE TABLES	xii
THE LIST OF CHARTS	xiii
THE LIST OF APPENDIXES	xiv
SUMMARY	XV
CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Background of the Research	1
1.2 Problems of the Research	5
1.3 Objectives of the Research	6
1.4 Significances of the Research	7
1.5 Limitation of the Research	7
CHAPTER 2. LITERATURE RIVIEW	8
2.1 The Classification of Error Analysis	8
2.2 The Sources of Errors	8
2.3 The Terms Errors and Mistakes	12
2.4 Types of Grammatical Errors	13
2.4.1 Omission Error	13
2.4.2 Addition Error	14
2.4.3 Misformation Error	14
2.4.4 Misordering Errors	15
2.5 Recount Text	15
2.6Grammar Used in the Recount Text	16
2.6.1 Verb Phrases	18
2.6.2 Noun Phrases	20
2.6.3 Linking Clause	23
2.7 Learning Disabilities	23
2.8 Dumb Students	24

CHAPTER 3. RESEARCH METHOD	27
3.1 Research Design	27
3.2 Definition of the Key Terms	28
3.3 Area Determination Method	29
3.4 Respondent Determination Method	29
3.5 Data Collection Methods	30
3.5.1 Test Method	30
3.5.2 Interview	32
3.5.3 Documentation	33
3.6 Data Analysis Method	33
3.6.1 Classifying Error Data	34
3.6.2 Evaluating Error Data	35
CHAPTER 4. RESULTS, DATA ANALYSIS, AND DISCUSSION	36
4.1 The Result of Interview	36
4.2 The Result of Documentation	36
4.3 The Results of Grammatical Errors	37
Made by Dumb Students	
4.4 Description of Kinds of Grammatical Errors and the Percentages of	39
Each Kind of Errors Made by Dumb Students	
4.4.1 The Results of Kinds of Omission Errors Made by Dumb Students in Their Writings	40
4.4.2 The Results of Kinds of Addition Errors Made by Dumb Students	41
in Their Writings	
4.4.3 The Results of Kinds of Misformation Errors MadeDumb Students	42
in Their Writings	
4.4.4 The Results of Kinds of Misordering Errors Made by Dumb Students in Their Writings	43
4.5 The Reason about the Appearance of Kinds of	44
Dumb Students' Grammatical Errors for Each Error Type	
4.5.1 Omission errors	44
4.5.2 Addition Errors	50
4.5.3 Misformation Errors	53
4.5.4 Misordering Errors	56
4.5.4 Whordering Errors 4.6 Discussion	60

CHAPTER 5. CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS	63
5.1 Conclusions	63
5.2 Suggestions	64
REFERENCE	66
APPENDIXES	71

THE LIST OF TABLES

	Tables	Pages
Table 2.1.	Information of Syntax Field Related to Grammar Used in a Recount Texts	17
Table 2.2	Error Types Based on Verb Phrase Linguistic in Syntax Field	20
Table 2.3	Error Types Based on Noun Phrase Linguistic in Syntax Field	22
Table 3.1	The Table of Classification of Error Types	34
Table 4.1	Kinds of Grammatical Errors and The Percentages of Each Kind of Errors Made by Dumb Students	38

THE LIST OF CHARTS

	Charts	Pages
Figure 2.1	Two Modes of Interaction between Input and L1 Influence	10
Chart 4.1	The Frequency of Grammatical Error	38
Chart 4.2	The Percentage of Each Kind of Grammatical Errors	39
Chart 4.4.1	The Percentage of Kinds of Omission Errors	40
Chart 4.4.2	The Percentage of Kinds of Addition Errors	41
Chart 4.4.3	The Percentage of Kinds of Misformation Errors	42
Chart 4.4.4	The Percentage of Kinds of Misordering Errors	43

THE LIST OF APPENDIXES

Appendix-1	Research Matrix
Appendix-2	Instrument for Writing Test
Appendix-3	Instrument for Interview
Appendix-4	Research Permission Letter from Faculty of Teacher
	Training and Education
Appendix-5	Research Permission Letter from SMALB Bhakti Wanita
	Lumajang
Appendix-6	List of Respondents' Names
Appendix-7	The Worksheets of Dumb Students' Recount Writing
	Paragraphs
Appendix-8	The Table of Classifying Dumb Students' Grammatical
	Errors Based on Each Error Criteria (omission, addition,
	misformation, and misordering)
Appendix-9.	The Calculation of Dumb Students' Grammatical Errors
	Percentages for Each Error Criteria

SUMMARY

Grammatical Error Analysis on Recount Texts Composed by Dumb Students at SMALB Bhakti Wanita Lumajang; Ana Imadil Bilad, 100210401116; 2014; 65 pages; English Education Program of Language and Arts Education Department, the Faculty of Teacher Training and Education, Jember University.

As EFL students, most Indonesian normal students never take apart with the term 'grammatical errors' in learning writing, even in dumb students' those errors, of course, more frequently occur than normal students. That is why, grammar subject as one of the English components must be taught to all schools including the school for disabled students because the role of grammar is significant to an overall the English subject to construct sentences correctly in learning writing of a second or foreign language. From the preliminary study which had been done on March 13th, 2014, it was reported that more grammatical errors for basic grammar were found on dumb students' writing in English on their handbooks. Therefore, analysis of grammatical errors for this research was intended to be conducted on dumb students' recount writing paragraphs. Basically, the objective of this research was either to describe and to know the kinds of grammatical errors dumb students made in recount writing paragraphs academic year and the errors made by them at SMALB Bhakti WanitaLumajang in the 2013/2014 academic year or to know the reason about the appearance of dumb students' grammatical errors for each error type.

This research was 'descriptive study'. The data of this research consisted primary and supporting data; in which they were obtained by the writing test to get dumb students' writing recount paragraphs as the primary data. Then, interview and documentation to get the information of dumb students' learning writing in classes and list of dumb students' names as the supporting data of this research were taken.

Analysis on dumb students' recount writing paragraphs was done by giving codes on their grammatical errors found in their recount writing paragraphs based on each error types of omission, addition, misformation, and misordering. The

population of this research consisted of 8 dumb students studying at SMALB Bhakti Wanita Lumajang in the 2013/2014 academic year.

Based on the result of data analysis, it could be reported that the percentages of dumb students' grammatical errors with 207 total number of errors consisted of 56% with 116 number of error items for omission, 3,4% with 7 errors of addition, 34,3% with 71 errors of misformation, and 6,3 % with 13 errors of misordering errors. Meanwhile, the kinds of grammatical errors found in dumb students' recount writing paragraphs were omission errors in the forms of possessive determiners, articles, plural marker (-s), possessive inflexion marker (-'s), adverbs of manner marker (-ly), prepositions, conjunction marker (and), subject pronouns, verbs, relative clause 'which', and infinitive marker (to). Then, addition errors in the forms of prepositions, verbs, articles, plural marker (-s) in adjective 'others'. Next, misformation errors in the forms of verbs, gerund, words classes for prepositions, alternating infinitive without 'to', alternating infinitive verb into verbs-ing. Finally, misordering 'singular subject pronoun' with 'plural subject pronouns' in noun phrases (I and my family/friend/ father/mother/sister/brother/uncle), the word 'first' with 'our' in 'our first destination', the word 'at night' with 'late' in 'late at night', the word 'history' with 'Indonesian' in 'Indonesian history', and misordering 'to Surabaya' with 'by car' in 'by car to Surabaya'.

The result of this research can be concluded that grammatical errors made by dumb students were dominated by omission errors types which referred to the highest percentages as many as 56 % and the lowest percentage occurred on addition errors as many as 3,4 %. Based on the fact, it was found that the most dumb students' grammatical errors were caused by an interference of the first language brought to their language transfer into English. It was summarized that they made all error types of grammatical errors and more than one error type appeared in every sentence made by dumb students. Consequently, it referred to complex errors, which influenced the pattern of grammatical errors made by dumb students was unstable.