

THE ANALYSIS OF CODE MIXING IN LIFESTYLE SECTION IN ONLINE JAWA POS NEWSPAPER

THESIS

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UNIVERSITAS JEMBER

2019



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THESIS

A thesis is presented to English Department, Faculty of Humanities,
Universitas Jember as One of the Requirements
to Obtain the Award of Sarjana Sastra Degree
in English Studies

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DEDICATION

From the deepest of my heart and with lovely gratitude, this thesis is presented to:

- 1. My beloved parents, Usman Hadi and Uswatun Hasanah for their support to finish my thesis, patience, advices, the greatest love and prayers.
- 2. My beloved brother M. Saiful Rizal.
- 3. My big family.
- 4. My Almamater.



MOTTO

If You Never Try, You Will Never Know

(Jo Miller)



DECLARATION

I hereby state that the thesis entitled "The Analysis of Code Mixing in Lifestyle Section in Online Jawa pos Newspaper" is an original piece of writing, I certify that the research explained in this thesis has never been submitted for any other degree or publication. I certainly certify to the best of my knowledge that all sources used and any help received during the composition of this thesis have been acknowledged.

Jember,

The Candidate

Yuli Nurwadiyah 120110101112

APPROVAL SHEET

Approved and received by the examination committee of the English Department, Faculty of Humanities, Universitas Jember.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

My deepest gratitude belongs to Allah the Almighty. His blessings and kindness convince me to finish my thesis. There are several people who give big contributions during my study in university and my personal journey. I give my special gratitude into several people mentioned below:

- 1. Prof. Dr. Akhmad Sofyan, M.Hum., the Dean of the Faculty of Humanities, Universitas Jember;
- 2. Dra. Supiastutik, M.Pd, the Head of English Department;
- Drs. Syamsul Anam, M.A., and Agung Tri Wahyuningsih, S.S., M. Pd., my first and second advisors, thank you for your kindness in giving me guidances, help, advices, suggestions during the process of writing my thesis;
- 4. Dr. Hairus Salikin, M.Ed., and Dewianti Khazanah, S.S., M. Hum., my first and second examiners, thank you for the comments and suggestions for my thesis;
- 5. Riskia Setiarini, S.S., M. Hum., my academic advisor, who has supported and guided me during my study;
- 6. All of English Department lecturers who have taught me precious knowledge and experience during my journey of learning English;
- 7. All of my participants, the students of Television and Film program, Faculty of Humanities, Universitas Jember, academic year 2017/2018 who have participated in my research;
- 8. My best friends, Ardiyah Nur Jannah S.S., Rizky Amalia Putri S.S., Feny Anggeria S.S., Siska Anggraeni S.S., Athiqa Mufida Fatati S.S., who always make me happy, give me some advices, supports, and always remind me to finish my thesis soon;
- 9. All of my friends in English Department academic year 2012;

Jember, 27th June 2019

Yuli Nurwadiyah

SUMMARY

The Analysis of Code Mixing in Lifestyle Section in Online Jawa Pos Newspaper; Yuli Nurwadiyah; 120110101112; 2019; (52) pages; English Department, Faculty of Humanities, Universitas Jember.

This research discusses code mixing in lifestyle section in online Jawa Pos newspaper. Specifically this is conducted to achieve three purposes, namely to find out kinds of code mixing occurred in an online Jawa Pos newspaper, to know some reasons of the writer used code mixing in her writing, and to know whether code mixing make the readers confused or not.

In addition, this research used two theories to analyze, namely code mixing theory by Muysken (2000) and the reasons of using code mixing by Hoffman (1991) as cited by Anindya (2011). The theory proposed by Muysken (2000) was used to analyze kinds of of code mixing that were found in online Jawa Pos newspaper. The second theory proposed by Hoffman (1991) is used to know some reasons of using code mixing. There were three methods used to collect the data namely, documents, interview and questionnaire. Document was first method used in this research because the data were collected through news texts in online Jawa Pos newspaper or JawaPos.com. Interview was the second method of collecting the data. Interview was used in this research because the researcher wanted to know some reasons why the writer used code mixing in her writing. Furthermore the researcher applied an interview by sending messages using WhatsApp application. The last method was questionnaire. The questionnaire was used to know the responses of the readers whether code mixing made readers confused or not when they read the news text. The questionnaire was spread to the students of Television and Film academic year 2017/2018, faculty of humanities, Universitas Jember program as participants.

In analyzing the data, the researcher used 14 news texts which contained code mixing. There were 31 total numbers from the used of code mixing in the

news texts in online Jawa Pos newspaper. The researcher only found one type of code mixing; that is insertion. There are no lexical items of alternation and congruent lexicalization. Furthermore, there were eight reasons that were revealed by Hoffman (2000), namely talking about a particular topic, quoting somebody else, being emphatic about something (express solidarity), interjection, repetition used for clarification, the intention of clarifying the speech content for interlocutor, expressing group identity, lack of vocabularies. Through the reasons, the editor used two reasons that are suitable with what she wrote, namely talking about particular topic and lack of vocabularies. The first reason was talking about particular topic, the writer applied that reason because she discussed specific topic especially about fashion and style in a lifestyle section in an online Jawa Pos newspaper. The second reason was the lack of vocabularies, because she did not find the equivalence word from English into Bahasa Indonesia. Furthermore, the editor has two other reasons. First was introducing English which was nowadays commonly used by people although people may not be aware of some English codes inserted in the writing. Second was attracted young readers' attention. The young readers added their vocabulary intentionally by reading the news about fashion. Finally, among 40 participants, 22 participants understood the meaning of lexical items of code mixing, and there were 18 participants felt difficult to understand the news texts in the newspaper. It showed, code mixing did not make the readers had a difficulty to understand contents of the news texts in online Jawa Pos newspaper.

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CHAPTER V. CONCLUSION

This research discusses about the analysis of code mixing in lifestyle section in an online Jawa Pos newspaper. From the discussion, the researcher found kinds of code mixing from the news text, the reasons of the writer doing code mixing and to know the response of the readers after read the news text. There are three methods that are used to collect the data, which are document, interview and questionnaire. The first data got from the 14 news texts of lifestyle section in an online Jawa Pos newspaper. Afterwards, the news text analyzed using Muysken's theory. According to Muysken (2000) code mixing divided into three types, namely insertion, alternation, and congruent lexicalization. In this research, the researcher only found insertion type; there are 31 types that are found in the news texts in an online Jawa Pos newspaper.

The second data is collected from interview, the aimed of interview to know the reasons of the writer used English code in her writing. In addition, the researcher did not interview the writer but the writer proposed the researcher to ask the editor of lifestyle section in an online Jawa Pos newspaper. There are 8 reasons which are delivered by Hoffman (1991) as cited by Anindya (2011), but the editor chose two reasons namely, talking about particular topic, the lack of vocabulary and two additional reasons by the editor. They are: introducing English which is nowadays commonly used by people although people may not be aware of some English code inserted in the writing, and attracting young readers' attention.

The last method is collected data through questionnaire, the aim to know the response of the readers after read the news texts containing English code. The researcher gets 40 questionnaires through the student of television and film program academic year 2017/2018, faculty of humanities, Universitas Jember. Furthermore, through 40 questionnaires, the researcher found 22 participants who confess that they did not have problem with news text containing English code, and 18 participants feel difficult to understand the news text. However, some the

students who do not understand give suggestion to find equivalent words of English in Bahasa Indonesia to help them understand the news text.

It can be concluded if some students who agree with the use of two languages and there are some student students disagrees with the use of two languages in her writing. The editor hopes that many people are attracting to read a newspaper, because nowadays people easily access the internet, hence digital newspaper can be alternative in getting news and more economical than buy a printed newspaper.



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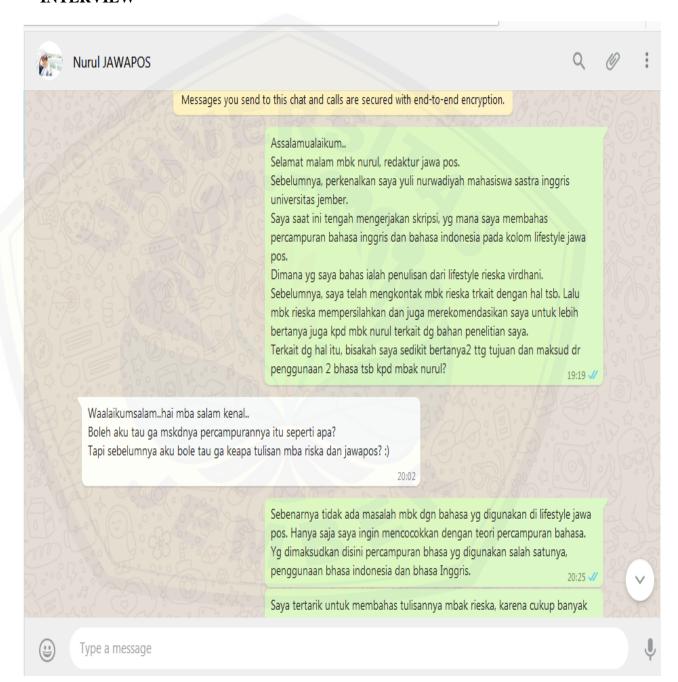
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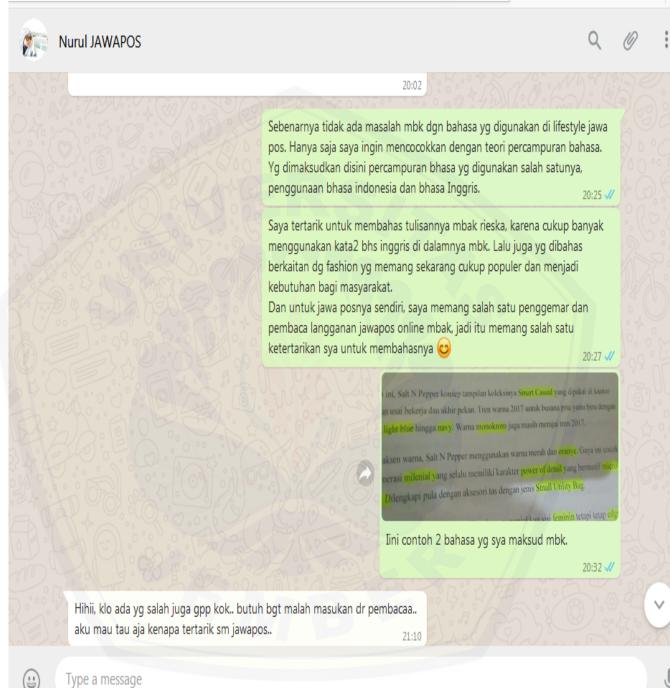
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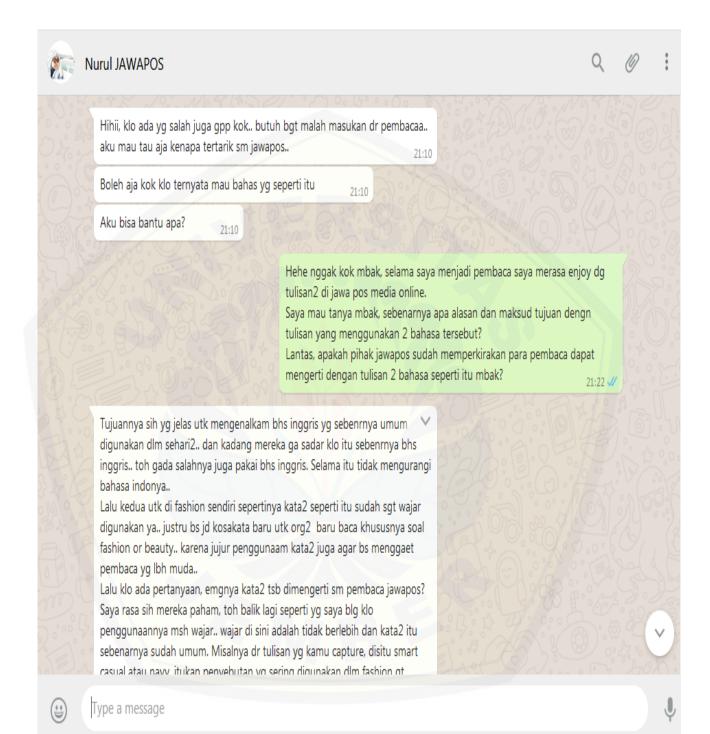
APPENDICES

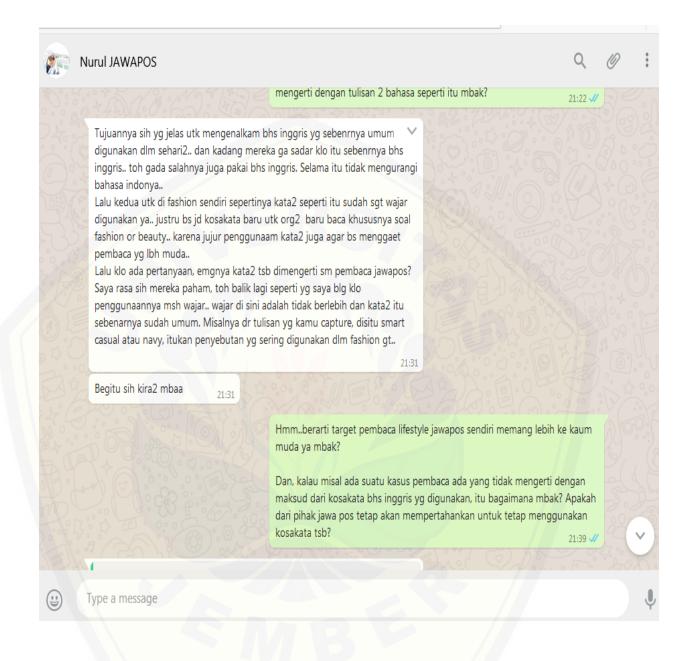
INTERVIEW

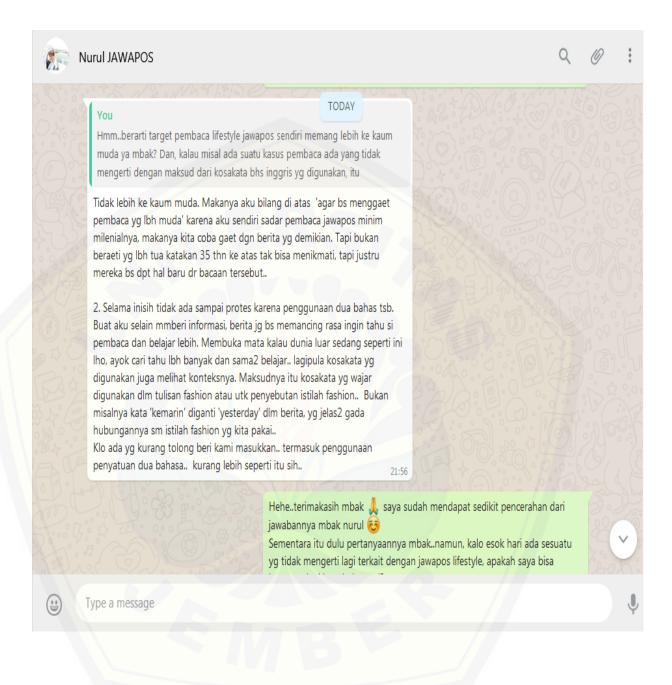


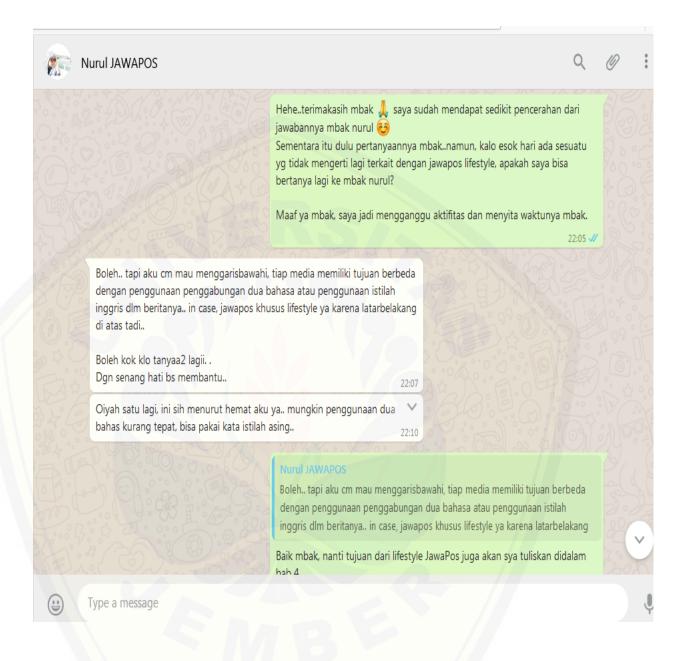












Title: The Analysis of Code Mixing in Lifestyle Section in an Online Jawa-Pos Newspaper. (Analisis Campur Kode di bagian Lifestyle di Surat Kabar Jawa Pos Online)

Pada kuesioner ini peneliti ingin melakukan penelitian tentang campur kode (Code Mixing) yang digunakan oleh penulis koran Jawa Pos dan bagaimana respon pembaca ketika membaca sebuah berita tersebut. Peneliti juga menggunakan respondent untuk mempertegas penelitian ini. Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui respon yang dialami pembaca setelah membaca berita tersebut, seperti kesulitan untuk memahami atau merasa bingung untuk mengetahui makna dari bacaaan berita tersebut.

Setelah anda menjawab kuesioner di bawah ini , saya akan menjaga rahasia Anda dan menyimpan jawaban Anda, dan saya tidak akan menulis nama atau identitas Anda dalam penelitian saya. Saya harap Anda menjawab pertanyaan saya secara sadar, jujur, tidak melihat jawaban teman Anda, cukup ikuti kata hati Anda untuk menjawab pertanyaan – pertanyaan ini.

Nama	;
NIM	:
No. Tlp	:
Email	

Code mixing (campur kode) adalah percampuran satu bahasa ke bahasa lain didalam satu kalimat baik secara lisan/ucapan maupun didalam penulisan. Contoh: seperti percampuran Bahasa Indonesia dan Bahasa Inggris yang terkadang tanpa sengaja kita gunakan di dalam percakapan sehari-hari dengan teman sebaya.

 Dari kalimat-kalimat dibawah ini, berilah tanda centang (✓) untuk menjawab jika anda memahami atau tidak memahami maksud dari kalimat yang menggunakan campur kode (code mixing) tersebut.

No	Kalimat	Apakah Anda memahami maksud dari kalimat tersebut?		Kode	Apakah Anda mengerti artinya?	
		Ya	Tidak		Ya	Tidak
1.	Setiap tren busana di sebuah			tren	/	
	negara pasti memiliki rujukan atau referensi gaya untuk ditiru.	1		referensi	1	
2.	Trendi, kasual, edgy menjadi ciri			trendi		
	khas gaya American style.	./		kasual		
		V		edgy		1
				american style	1	
3	Sementara untuk pakaian sehari- hari daily wear, anak muda di Jepang meniru Amerika.	1		daily wear	10	
4.	Kemudian sering menambahkan aksesoris tas ransel dan topi pada pria.	1		aksesoris	1	1
5.	Kini busana muslim syar'i semakin populer di kalangan kaum muslimah yang memang ingin berpakaian sesuai syari'at.	1	8	populer	1	
6.	Bahkan Label busana syar'i SI. Se. Sa mengakui perkembangan pasar busana syar'i sedang di	1		label	1	

	puncak pada 2016.					
7.	Dia mengklaim SI. Se. Sa			klaim	1	
	sebagai pionir busana syar'i	/		pionir	1	
	tetap konsisten menawarkan koleksi yang sesuai syari'at.			konsisten	1	
8.	Siriz menambahkan SI.Se.Sa ingin membuat wanita berbusana syar'i tak harus kaku dengan hanya warna gelap dengan cutting biasa.	1		cutting		1
9.	Desainer Si.Se.Sa lainnya, Senaz menambahkan pasar sya'i semakin berkembang luas.	1		desainer	1	
10.	Perkembangan ekonomi digital			Distribusi	/	
	lewat media sosial juga memudahkan distribusi dan pemasaran para desainer.	1		desainer	1	
11.	World wide lewat media sosial semakin besar seperti instagram makin berkembang.	1		world wide	1	
12.	Anisa Pohan mencoba untuk menghidupkan kembali fesyen betawi itu.	/		fesyen	1	
13.	Yang stand out hari ini baju saya sebenarnya		1	stand out		1
14.	Bukan hanya dress, Annisa juga memiliki jenis pakaian batik betawi lainnya.	1		dress	1	4
15.	Berbagai motif lucu khas ibukota seperti Monas, pedagang kerak telor, dan transportasi khas jakarta menjadi corak kain tersebut	1		motif	1	
16.	Annisa kini sedang mencari pakem model batik betawi yang otentik.	1		otentik	1	m _{ik}
17.	Sebenarnya yang sekarang ada itu motif-motifnya modern memakai ikon-ikon Jakarta.	/		ikon-ikon	1	
18.	Jeans adalah sebuah brand celana yang berbahan denim.	1		brand	1	
19.	Denim model "Boy Friend" lebih khusus dibuat untuk kaum hawa namun telihat lebih masklin dan gaya.	/		masklin	1	

20.	Tahun lalu ada skinny jeans, itu yang populer.	1	skinny jeans	✓ •	
21.	Salah satu bentuk dukungan sebagai Official Makeup and Hair Do IFW 2017, label		Official make up and hair do	1	
	kosmetik Wardah mengangkat tema YOUniverse "Celebrations of Colors" dengan empat make up.		Label Make up	1	
22.	Untuk memberi pendekatan berbeda terhadap empat tren make up ini, Wardah menggandeng empat orang make up artists ternama di Indonesia.	/	Make up Make up artists	1	
23.	Melalui tema ini, pihaknya		Tema	/	
	mengajak wanita Indonesia	/	Eksplorasi	/	
	untuk mengeksplorasi warna makeup untuk mengekspresikan diri tanpa batas.		Ekspresi	/	
24.	Look ini memberikan aksentuasi	6985	Look	1	
	yang meng-highlight bentuk alami mata.		highlight	1	
25.	Desainer Fesyen Dian Pelangi		Desainer	V	
	tampil cantik di hari keempat pagelaran Indonesian Fashion Week (IFW) 2017.		fesyen	1	
26.	Dian terlihat tampil natural dengan nuansa cokelat dari mulai kerudung hingga sepatu.	/	Natural	1	
27.	Kain kerudung Dian yaitu sutera silk.	/	silk	1	T T
28.	Motifnya, dengan menggunakan kerudung koleksi Dian dengan teknik yang berbeda dari biasanya.	✓	teknik	/	
29.	Dian menggunakan rajutan dan sweater panjang.	/	Sweater	/	
30.	Kemudian ditambah dengan	,	Outer	/	
	outer rajutan panjang supaya tak mengekspos betuk tubuh.		ekspos	1	
31.	Dian menambahkan belt atau ikat pinggang agar terkesan ramping.	/	Belt	✓	
32.	Nuansa warna hangat cokelat krem lebih pas dipadukan dengan aksesoris keemasan.	/	Krem	1	Ta A
33.	Dian memakai celana baju olive	V	olive	V	

	yang senada dengan pakaian			/.	
	nuansa cokelat.			•	
34.	Dian memilih pointy shoes yang memiliki ujung runcing agar kakinya terlihat lebih kecil.	/	Pointy shoes	✓	
5.	Dian menggunakan aplikasi		Aplikasi	V.	0.
	ombre coklat dengan merah di		Ombre	· /	
	bagian lipstik agar terlihat lebih segar.	•	lipstik	\checkmark	
6.	Berbagai koleksi New Arrival	/	New Arrival	V	
	dan Ready to wear bisa dipilih agar tampil lebih gaya.	✓	Ready to Wear	✓	
37.	Setiap hari pihak mal menampilkan peragaan busana dengan tenant-tenant Margo city.	1	Tenant-tenant	/	/
38.	Koleksi yang ditampikan Salt N		spring	V	/
	Peppet dalam ajang ini berupa	,	Smart casual,	/	
	Spring 17, masih didominasi		jogger pants,	/	
	kolesi Smart Casual, Jogger	•	bomber	/	
	Pants dan Bomber Jacket		jacket	V	
	sebagai highlight.		highlight		· ·
39.	Tren yang diambil yaitu full		Full print	/	
	print shirt dengan motif	/	shirt	V	
	geometric dan animal print.	~	Geometric		
			Animal print	/	
10.	Tren warna 2017 untuk busana		Light blue	/	
	pria yaitu biru dengan ragam light blue hingga navy.		Navy	/	
41.	Warna monokrom juga masih merajai tren 2017.	/	Monokrem	/	-
42.	Untuk aksen warna, Salt N		Aksen		\
	Pepper menggunakan warna merah dan oranye.		Oranye	/	
43.	Gaya ini cocok bagi generasi		Milenial	/	
	milenial yang selalu memiliki karakter power of detail yang	/	Power of detail	1	
	bermotif micro pattern.		Micro pattern		/
44.	Dilengkapi pula dengan aksesori tas dengan jenis Small Utility Bag.	1	Small utility bag	/	
45.	Untuk Gaudi, koleksi yang ditampilkan juga menunjukkan sisi feminin tapi tetap edgy.	/	Koleksi Feminin edgy		1
46.	Warna pastel dan monokrom juga masih terlihat dari koleksi terbaru Gaudi.	/	Pastel Monokrom	/	20 10
47.	Budaya korea masuk ke		Vokal		

	Indonesia dengan grup vokal		Boy band	/ .	
	pria-pria tampan atau gadis- gadis cantik dalam boy band and girl band	1	Girl band	/	
8.	Kegiatan pertama Japan Fashion		Industri	/	
	Event diadakan pada tanggal 12 Januari 2017, dikhususkan bagi	/	Fashion buyers	_	50
	para pelaku dan pemerhati industri, fashion buyers, calon distributor terkemuka.	•	distributor	1	
19.	Asosiasi Perancang dan		komitmen	V.	
	Pengusaha Mode Indonesia		promosi	/.	
	(APPMI) berkomitmen untuk	,	transformasi	V,	
	mendukung dan	/	lokal	/	
	mempromosikan budaya indonesia dengan cara mentransformasikan fesyen lokal yang dikemas modern agar bisa diterima dikancah internasional.		modern	/	
50.	IFW dapat menjadi jembatan		Fashion craft		/
	para perajin, fashion craft, dan		designer	,	
designer untuk melindungi budaya dan sejarah Indonesia.	designer				
51.	Memerankan diri sendiri butuh		Taste	V,	
	taste masing-masing, Raline		Fashionable		
	sendiri enggak merasa fashionable tapi setiap orang punya style sendiri itu terus berubah dan berkembang.		Style	/	
52.	Raline menilai dirinya memiliki	,	Sporty fresh	1	
	gaya yang sedikit sporty fresh dan tidak telalu banyak mekap.	V	Mekap	/	K 30
53.	Raline lebih senang warna		Travelling		
	pakaian hitam dan putih karena dia suka travelling sehingga warna tersebut lebih netral.		Netral	/	
54.	Pagelaran busana ini bukan fashion show pada umumnya karena diiringi musisi tanah air.	/	· Fashion show	/	
55.	Setiap fesyen desainer		makeup look	V	A.
	menggunakan pilihan makeup		genuine	/.	/
	look Wardah yaitu genuine,	•	faithful	/,	
	faithful, brave, dan serene.		brave	/	
			serene	. /	
6.	Ada pula setelan palaso	/	Jumpsuit		
	jumpsuit, dress, dan long coat.		Dress	/,	7
			Long coat	1	
7.	Busana yang ditampilkan dari		Ready to		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				

wear

Deluxe

Nude

soft

Kombinasi

mulai ready to wear hingga

koleksi sulam suji khas

kombinasi warna-warna nude

Barat

menampilkan

dengan

deluxe.

Sumatera

Ade

	dan soft.				
59.	Hal itu terinspirasi dari Purwakarta yang merupakan sentra keramik.	1	sentra	1	
	sentra keramik.				
	Berilah Tanda (✓) untuk Menjaw	vab Pertanyaan di	Bawah ini!		
	2. (a) Apakah anda sebelumnya pe	ernah belajar baha	sa inggris di suatu lembag	a? misal sepe	erti
	kursus bahasa inggris.				
	Ya	Tidak			
	(b) Jika jawaban anda iya, beraj	pa lama anda bela	ar di lembaga tersebut?		
	1 tahun 1 bulan		(jawaban lain)		
	<u> </u>		(day dodd fair)		
	2 Tahun 2 bula				
	3. Apakah anda mengalami kesuli			ipur kode (co	ode
	mixing) yang digunakan dalam	teks diatas?tolong	berikan alasan		
	√ Ya		1 200		
	Karena ada beb	erapa frasa	yang saya tidak m	lengerti o	artinya
		•			V
	Tidak				5 8
		•••••			
		••••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••
	4. Apakah penggunaan campur	kode (code mix	ing) dalam teks diatas	mempengari	uhi
	pemahaman Anda pada seluruh	isi teks?			
	√ Ya				
	karena jika tida	k memahami	Salah satu frasa s	saja duga	Hodak
	dapat memahami p				
					•••
	Tidak				

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5.	Menurut Anda, apakah penulis perlu mencari padanan kata dalam Bahasa Indonesia untuk mengganti kata-kata Bahasa Inggris yang dicampurkan?	
	Ya karena memudahkan pembaca memaham, maksud katimat.	
	Tidak	
		er _{th}