

IMPROVING CLASS VIII-D STUDENTS' LISTENING COMPREHENSION ACHIEVEMENT BY USING MOVIE CLIPS AT SMPN 1 JEMBER IN THE 2010/2011 ACADEMIC YEAR

THESIS

By: HENDRIYES FERDIANSYAH 050210491156

ENGLISH EDUCATION PROGRAM
LANGUAGE AND ARTS DEPARTMENT
FACULTY OF TEACHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION
JEMBER UNIVERSITY
2011



IMPROVING CLASS VIII-D STUDENTS' LISTENING COMPREHENSION ACHIEVEMENT BY USING MOVIE CLIPS AT SMPN 1 JEMBER IN THE 2010/2011 ACADEMIC YEAR

THESIS

Composed to fulfill one of the requirements to obtain S1 Degree at the English Education Program, Language and Arts Education Department The Faculty of Teacher Training and Education

Jember University

By:

HENDRIYES FERDIANSYAH 050210491156

ENGLISH EDUCATION PROGRAM

LANGUAGE AND ARTS DEPARTMENT

FACULTY OF TEACHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION

JEMBER UNIVERSITY

2011

CONSULTANT'S APPROVAL

IMPROVING CLASS VIII-D STUDENTS' LISTENING COMPREHENSION ACHIEVEMENT BY USING MOVIE CLIPS AT SMPN 1 JEMBER IN THE 2010/2011 ACADEMIC YEAR

THESIS

Composed to fulfill one of the requirements to obtain S1 Degree at the English

Education Program of the Language and Arts Education Department of the Faculty of

Teacher Training and Education Jember University

Name : Hendriyes Ferdiansyah

Identification Number : 050210491156

Level : 2005

Place, Date of Birth : Banyuwangi, April 9th, 1987

Department : Language and Arts
Program : English Education

Approved By:

Consultant I Consultant II

Dra. Wiwiek Eko Bindarti, M.Pd Drs. Sudarsono, M.Pd

NIP. 19561214 198503 2 001 NIP. 131 993 442

APPROVAL OF THE EXAMINATION COMMMITTEE

This thesis is approved and received by the Examination Committee of the Faculty of Teacher Training and Education of Jember University.

Day : Friday

Date: January 21st, 2011

Place : Faculty of Teacher Training and Education

Team of Examiners

The Chairperson The Secretary

<u>Dra. Siti Sundari, M.A</u>

NIP. 19581216 198802 2 001

Drs. Sudarsono, M.Pd

NIP. 131 993 442

The members,

1. Drs. Annur Rofiq, M.A, M.Sc NIP. 19681025 199903 1 001

Dra. Wiwiek Eko Bindarti, M.Pd
 NIP. 19561214 198503 2 001

Faculty of Teacher Training and Education

The Dean,

<u>Drs. Imam Muchtar, S.H, M.Hum</u> NIP. 19540712 198003 1 005

DEDICATION

This thesis is honorably dedicated to:

- 1. My beloved father, Sukarman and my beloved mother, Umi Mahmudah.

 Nothing can be compared for everything that you have given to me. This thesis is proudly dedicated to you for your never ending-love.
- 2. My beloved brother, Khoirunnajib Firmansyah, and my lovely sister, Devian Festi Khalangi and Juuliani Nur Setyoningrum, let us do our best to make our parents happy.
- 3. My beloved mate, Prihastini Arum Kinasih. Because of you I could finish this thesis. Thanks for your support, your magnificent love, and everything that becomes meaningful to my life.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First and foremost, I would like to express my greatest gratitude to Allah SWT, the most Gracious and the most Merciful. Because of His countless Blessing, Mercy and Grace, I can accomplish the writing of this thesis.

I also would like to express my great appreciation and sincerest gratitude to the following people:

- 1. The Dean of the Faculty of Teacher Training and Education Jember University.
- 2. The Chair person of the Language and Arts Education Department.
- 3. The Chair person of the English Education Program.
- 4. My academic advisor, Drs. Sugeng Ariyanto, M.A.
- 5. My first consultant, Dra. Wiwiek Eko Bindarti, M.Pd. and my second consultant, Drs. Sudarsono, M.Pd. for giving me guidance and valuable suggestions in writing this thesis.
- 6. The examination committee.
- 7. The Headmaster, the English teacher and the students of class VIII-D of SMPN 1 Jember of 2010/2011 Academic Year.
- 8. My 2005 Level mates, both Regular and Non-Regular classes.

Finally, I hope this thesis will provide some advantages for the writer as well as the readers. Any constructive suggestions or criticisms will be respectfully welcomed and appreciated to make this thesis better.

Jember, Januari 2011

The writer

TABLE OF CONTENTS

COVER	ii
CONSULTANT'S APPROVAL	iii
APPROVAL OF THE EXAMINATION COMMITTEE	iv
DEDICATION	v
ACKNOWLEDMENT	vi
TABLE OF CONTENTS	vii
LIST OF APPENDICES	X
LIST OF TABLES	xi
LIST OF CHARTS	xii
SUMMARY	xiii
I. INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Background of the Research	1
1.2 Problems of the Research	4
1.3 Objectives of the Research	5
1.4 Significance of the Research	5
1.5 Operational Definition of the Terms	6
1.6 Limitation of the Research	6
II. REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE	
2.1 Listening Comprehension Definitions	8
2.2 The Purpose of Teaching Listening Comprehension	9
2.3 The Factors Influencing Listening Skill	10
2.4 Movie Clips in Language Teaching	11
2.4.1 The Nature of Movie Clips	11
2.4.2 Types of motion Picture (Movies)	12

2.4.3 Criteria of Selecting Movie	13
2.4.4 The Variety of Movie Clips Chosen as the Teaching Materials	15
2.4.5 The Role of Movie	16
2.5 Teaching Listening by Using Movie Clips	17
2.6 The Importance of Movie in the Teaching and Learning Process	18
2.7 Action Hypotheses	20
III. RESEARCH METHOD	
3.1 Research Design	21
3.2 Research Procedures	
3.3 Area Determination Method	
3.4 Subject Determination Method	
3.5 Data Collection Method	
3.5.1 Test	26
3.5.2 Observation	28
3.5.3 Documentation	28
3.6 Data Analysis Method	29
IV. RESARCH RESULTS, DATA ANALYSIS, AND DISCUSSION	
4.1 The Results of Actions in Cycle 1	30
4.1.1 The Results of Observation	
4.1.2 The Results of Listening Comprehension Test in Cycle 1	
4.1.3 Reflection of Cycle 1	
4.2 The Results of Actions in Cycle 2	
4.2.1 The Results of Observation	
4.2.2 The Results of Listening Comprehension Test in Cycle 2	
4.2.3 Reflection of Cycle 2	
4.2 Dispussion	11

V. CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTIONS	
5.1 Conclusion	44
5.2 Suggestion	44
REFERENCES	
APPENDICES	

LIST OF APPENDICES

- 1. Research Matrix
- 2. The Guideline of Research Instruments
- 3. Observation Checklist Form
- 4. Lesson Plan 1 (Cycle I, Meeting 1)
- 5. Lesson Plan 2 (Cycle I, Meeting 2)
- 6. Listening Comprehension Test (Cycle I)
- 7. Lesson Plan 3 (Cycle II, Meeting 1)
- 8. Lesson Plan 4 (Cycle II, Meeting 2)
- 9. Listening Comprehension Test Cycle II
- 10. Observation Checklist Result (Cycle I, Meeting 1)
- 11. Observation Checklist Result (Cycle I, Meeting 2)
- 12. Observation Checklist Result (Cycle II, Meeting 1)
- 13. Observation Checklist Result (Cycle II, Meeting 2)
- 14. Listening Comprehension Test Result in Cycle I
- 15. Listening Comprehension Test Result in Cycle II
- 16. Research Subjects' Names
- 17. Students' Previous Listening Score
- 18. Research Permission from the Dean of the Faculty of Teacher Training and Education
- 19. Research Permission from the Principal of SMPN 1 Jember
- 20. Consultation Sheet

LIST OF TABLES

4.1 Students' Listening Test Scores in Cycle 1	32
4.2 Students' Listening Test Scores in Cycle 2	37
4.3 The Improvement of the Students' Listening Comprehension	
Achievement by Using Movie Clips in Cycle I and Cycle II	40

LIST OF CHARTS

4.1 The Number of Students who Participated in the Teaching and Learning	
Process (Cycle 1)	31
4.2 The Percentage of Students who were Active and Passive	
(Cycle I meeting 1)	31
4.3 The Percentage of Students who were Active and Passive	
(Cycle I meeting 2)	31
4.4 The Number of Students who Participated in the Teaching and Learning	
Process (Cycle II)	36
4.5 The Percentage of Students who were Active and Passive	
(Cycle II meeting 1)	37
4.6 The Percentage of Students who were Active and Passive	
(Cycle II meeting 2)	37

SUMMARY

Hendriyes Ferdiansyah. 2011. Improving Class VIII-D Students' Listening Comprehension Achievement by Using Movie Clips at SMPN 1 Jember in the 2010/2011 Academic Year.

Thesis, English Education Program, Language and Arts Department, Faculty of Teacher Training and Education, Jember University.

Consultants : 1. Dra. Wiwiek Eko Bindarti, M.Pd

2. Drs. Sudarsono, M.Pd

Key words : Listening Comprehension Achievement, Movie Clips

In this global era, English plays an important role in international relation in every kind of fields. It becomes an important thing to get wider community or society. By using language, they can communicate or socialize each other although they come from different countries with different languages. It is shown that the main function of a language is as a means of communication. In this modern world, the communication develops rapidly that makes the need of English mastery can not be delayed anymore. That is why the English students must be able to master the language in order that they will not be left behind with the tremendous development of science and technology.

Considering its importance, English has been taught in Indonesia as a foreign language for quite a long time. In English teaching, there are four language skills, namely: listening, speaking, reading and writing that must be mastered. All of these language skills are interrelated. It means that each skill relates to one another. Among the other skills, listening is considered as the primary skill because children learn listening skill unconsciously and naturally first, before learning the other skills. In learning English as a foreign language, learners still face many problems in mastering listening skill. This condition also happens to Indonesian learners, particularly at Junior High School level. The problems they face are distinguishing between sounds, interpreting stress and intonation, recognizing words and understanding the meaning

and catching ideas from the spoken language. The same problem is also faced by the second year students who study at SMPN 1 Jember. The students often find difficulties in catching the ideas from the spoken language. From the result of the preliminary study in the form of interview with the English teacher of SMPN 1 Jember, it was revealed that the second year students of SMPN 1 Jember, especially the class VIII-D, still faced some problems in listening comprehension. It was shown by the students' listening score that was 26 of 42 students (62%) could reach the standard score requirement of the school (70). It means that the students' listening achievement was still low. The teacher informed that the common listening activities were done by using textbooks and cassettes as the source of the materials. The way the teacher taught listening was still monotonous and used "old fashion" method. That was why the students were passive during the teaching learning process of listening. In response to this challenge, the writer did a classroom action research to improve the students' listening comprehension achievement by using movie clips as audio visual media and material at SMPN 1 Jember in the 2010/2011 academic year.

This classroom action research was intended to improve the students' listening comprehension achievement. There were two cycles in this classroom action research. In the first cycle, the action was teaching listening by using movie clips 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7. In the second cycle, the action was teaching listening by using movie clips 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19. The research subjects were class VIII-D students of SMPN 1 Jember in the 2010/2011 academic year. The primary data were collected from the result of observation and the students' listening test. Meanwhile the supporting data were collected from documentation. The primary data were analyzed by using the percentage formula to find the percentage of students who were active in the listening activities, while supporting data were analyzed by describing them based on the real facts. In the first cycle, the results of the action showed that the use of movie clips in teaching listening could not improve the students listening achievement because some technical problems occurred. In the second cycle, the results of the action showed that the use of movie clips in teaching listening could

improve the students' listening achievement because there were 33 of 42 students (79%) achieved the standard score required of the school, that is 70. Meanwhile, both in the first and second cycles, the use of movie clips in teaching listening could improve students' active participations. There were four indicators of active participations: asking questions, answering the teacher's questions, concentrating during listening to the material, and actively involved in the individual or group activities. The students were considered active when they fulfilled at least three indicators of four indicators provided. From the results of the observations, 23 out of 42 students (55%) in meeting 1 and 26 out of 42 students (62%) in meeting 2 were active in the teaching and learning process of listening, and 32 out of 42 students (76%) in meeting 3 and 36 out of 42 students (86%) in meeting 4 were active in the teaching and learning process of listening. Based on those results, it can be concluded that teaching listening by using movie clips could improve class VIII-D students' listening comprehension achievement at SMPN 1 Jember in the 2010/2011 academic year.